



# GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*FOR THE YEARS ENDED*  
**JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021**  
WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON

# GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE

(A CALIFORNIA NONPROFIT PUBLIC BENEFIT CORPORATION)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

As the first free-standing pediatric palliative care center in the United States, George Mark Children's House offers comprehensive, compassionate, life-affirming care to children facing a life-limiting diagnosis. Services are available to medically eligible families regardless of ethnicity, gender identity, sexual orientation, or religion.

## Mission

The mission of George Mark Children's House is to provide the highest quality of care and to minimize suffering by addressing the physical, emotional, spiritual and psychosocial needs of the entire family. In doing so, we strive to achieve the best quality of life possible from the moment of admission onward, through strong collaboration between families, the child's physician(s), and our interdisciplinary team.

## Vision

Our vision is to make a difference in the lives of children with a life-limiting diagnosis and their families. We increase access to care by advocating for pediatric palliative care benefits, and by serving as a model to other communities seeking to implement a pediatric palliative care approach.

## Additional Information

George Mark Children's House focuses on relieving the suffering, pain and stress of illness for children with a potentially life-limiting diagnosis. Recent evidence shows that palliative care improves outcomes by increasing the family's confidence in managing care at home, thereby reducing unnecessary emergency department visits and readmissions.

The criterion for admission is the diagnosis of a potentially life-limiting illness, or a life-threatening complication of an illness or medical condition. For children with frequent hospitalizations or emergency department visits, or ongoing medical interventions, George Mark can help prevent readmissions, shorten hospitalizations and teach families to safely manage their child's care at home.

Our interdisciplinary team collaborates closely with families to maximize quality-of-life. The team includes pediatricians, a psychologist, nurses and nursing assistants, social workers, a child life specialist, a pediatric aquatics specialist and volunteers.

We have nine licensed beds, and feature eight beautifully themed patient bedrooms with an extra bed for the caregiver, a private bathroom and a door opening to our lovely gardens. We also have music, art, play and activity rooms, a therapy pool, a non-denominational sanctuary, and a family-style dining room for meals.

## Board of Directors and Executive Management as of June 30, 2022

Name	Position	Name	Position
Barry Slivinsky	President and CFO	Reggie Cooks	Director
Kendall Glynn	Vice President	Shekinah Eliassen	Director
William Gisvold, CPA	Treasurer	Dr. Audrey Foster-Barber	Director
Shawna Kovacs	Secretary	Stephanie Ledesma	Director
		Kathy Hull	Director
Michelle Lynn Berolzheimer	Director	Robin Matlock	Director

Linda Ashcraft-Hudak  
Chief Executive Officer

**REGALIA & ASSOCIATES**  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**

(A CALIFORNIA NONPROFIT PUBLIC BENEFIT CORPORATION)  
June 30, 2022 and 2021

**CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
<b>Independent Auditors' Report</b>	1
<b>Financial Statements:</b>	
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	3 - 4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Statements of Functional Expenses	6 - 7
Notes to Financial Statements	8 - 25

**George Mark Children's House**

2121 George Mark Lane  
San Leandro, California 94578  
Office 510-346-1266

Web Site Address: [www. georgemark.org](http://www.georgemark.org)

Email: [info@georgemark.org](mailto:info@georgemark.org)

**REGALIA & ASSOCIATES**  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS  
103 TOWN & COUNTRY DRIVE, SUITE K, DANVILLE, CALIFORNIA 94526  
DOUGLAS REGALIA, CPA  
LISA PARKER, CPA [inactive]  
JEANNINE REGALIA, CPA  
LISA CLOVEN, CPA  
JENNY SO, CPA  
JENNIFER JENSEN  
WWW.MRCPA.COM OFFICE: 925.314.0390

DANA CHAVARRIA, CPA  
TRICIA WILSON  
VALERIE REGALIA, CPA  
WENDY THOMAS, CPA  
SUSAN REGALIA, CPA  
RACHEL BERGER, CPA  
SHANNON MORELLI, CPA

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### The Board of Directors George Mark Children's House

#### *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of George Mark Children's House (a California nonprofit organization) which comprise of the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, cash flows, and functional expenses for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of George Mark Children's House as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### *Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of George Mark Children's House and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### *Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about George Mark Children's House's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued January 17, 2023.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

### *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of George Mark Children's House's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about George Mark Children's House's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

*Regalia & Associates*

*Danville, California  
January 17, 2023*

**George Mark Children's House**  
**(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)**  
**Statements of Financial Position**  
**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,384,071	\$ 1,399,576
Investments	1,147,149	870,880
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$10,000 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively	101,938	71,453
Beneficial interest in split-interest trust	24,100	27,600
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	26,467	52,304
Total current assets	3,683,725	2,421,813
Noncurrent assets:		
Property and equipment, net	9,976,472	10,435,675
Ground lease contribution receivable	867,485	874,117
Beneficial interest in split-interest trust, net of current portion	126,000	151,600
Prepaid loan fees and other assets	29,913	41,368
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 14,683,595</b>	<b>\$ 13,924,573</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 276,882	\$ 243,348
Accrued personnel expenses	433,781	442,253
Unearned revenue	18,000	60,350
Notes payable to bank - current portion	1,135,000	1,270,000
Total current liabilities	1,863,663	2,015,951
Long-term liabilities:		
Note payable to related party	1,130,000	1,130,000
Notes payable to bank - noncurrent portion	5,810,000	5,810,000
Total liabilities	8,803,663	8,955,951
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions	1,603,938	2,455,208
With donor restrictions - time and purpose	4,265,994	2,503,414
With donor restrictions - perpetual	10,000	10,000
Total net assets	5,879,932	4,968,622
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	<b>\$ 14,683,595</b>	<b>\$ 13,924,573</b>

**George Mark Children's House**  
**(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)**  
**Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	<u>Net Assets</u>			<u>Total</u>
	<u>Without Donor Restrictions</u>	<u>With Donor Restrictions</u>		
		<u>Time or Purpose</u>	<u>Perpetual in Nature</u>	
Revenue and support				
Contributions and grants	\$ 2,920,830	\$ 2,097,212	\$ -	\$ 5,018,042
Fundraising events	284,902	-	-	284,902
Contributions of nonfinancial assets	212,969	-	-	212,969
Program fees	845,701	-	-	845,701
Change in value of beneficial interest in split-interest trust	-	(29,100)	-	(29,100)
Net change in ground lease	-	(6,632)	-	(6,632)
Other income	8,501	-	-	8,501
Total revenue	<u>4,272,903</u>	<u>2,061,480</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,334,383</u>
Assets transferred and released				
from restrictions	<u>298,900</u>	<u>(298,900)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenue and support	<u>4,571,803</u>	<u>1,762,580</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,334,383</u>
Expenses				
Program services	3,924,892	-	-	3,924,892
Supporting services				
Administration	905,105	-	-	905,105
Fundraising	593,076	-	-	593,076
Total expenses	<u>5,423,073</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,423,073</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(851,270)	1,762,580	-	911,310
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>2,455,208</u>	<u>2,503,414</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>4,968,622</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 1,603,938</u>	<u>\$ 4,265,994</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,879,932</u>

**George Mark Children's House**  
**(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)**  
**Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2021**

	<u>Net Assets</u>			<u>Total</u>
	<u>Without Donor Restrictions</u>	<u>With Donor Restrictions</u>		
		<u>Time or Purpose</u>	<u>Perpetual in Nature</u>	
Revenue and support:				
Contributions and grants	\$ 2,621,262	\$ 857,816	\$ -	\$ 3,479,078
Fundraising events	1,108,338	-	-	1,108,338
Contributions of nonfinancial assets	351,118	-	-	351,118
Program fees	738,315	-	-	738,315
Change in value of beneficial interest in split-interest trust	-	13,900	-	13,900
Net change in ground lease	-	(6,000)	-	(6,000)
Other income	3,542	-	-	3,542
Total revenue	<u>4,822,575</u>	<u>865,716</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,688,291</u>
Assets transferred and released from restrictions	<u>897,635</u>	<u>(897,635)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenue and support	<u>5,720,210</u>	<u>(31,919)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,688,291</u>
Expenses:				
Program services	3,566,938	-	-	3,566,938
Supporting services:				
Administration	821,436	-	-	821,436
Fundraising	628,253	-	-	628,253
Total expenses	<u>5,016,627</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,016,627</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	703,583	(31,919)	-	671,664
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>1,751,625</u>	<u>2,535,333</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>4,296,958</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u><b>\$ 2,455,208</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 2,503,414</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 10,000</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 4,968,622</b></u>

**George Mark Children's House**  
**(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)**  
**Statements of Cash Flows**  
**For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021**

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Increase in net assets:	\$ 911,310	\$ 671,664
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	479,454	450,072
Amortization	1,094	1,094
Net change in ground lease	6,632	6,000
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable	(30,485)	23,251
Beneficial interest in split-interest trust	29,100	(13,900)
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	37,292	(22,572)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	33,534	(5,370)
Accrued personnel expenses	(8,472)	135,926
Unearned revenue	(42,350)	58,350
Refundable advances	-	(452,843)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>1,417,109</u>	<u>851,672</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(21,345)	(600,304)
Acquisition of investments, net	<u>(276,269)</u>	<u>(20,268)</u>
Net cash used for investing activities	<u>(297,614)</u>	<u>(620,572)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments on notes payable to bank	<u>(135,000)</u>	-
Net cash used for financing activities	<u>(135,000)</u>	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	984,495	231,100
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>1,399,576</u>	<u>1,168,476</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 2,384,071</u>	<u>\$ 1,399,576</u>
Additional cash flow information:		
State registration taxes paid	<u>\$ 150</u>	<u>\$ 150</u>
Interest paid	<u>\$ 263,526</u>	<u>\$ 277,401</u>

**George Mark Children's House**  
**(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)**  
**Statement of Functional Expenses**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Program	Supporting Services		Total
	Services	Administration	Fundraising	
Personnel expenses	\$ 1,829,345	\$ 457,508	\$ 354,913	\$ 2,641,766
Payroll taxes	123,918	22,857	27,875	174,650
Employee benefits	424,329	201,729	59,185	685,243
Accounting fees	-	14,223	-	14,223
Banking fees and charges	-	31,802	7,445	39,247
Communications	26,640	-	-	26,640
Conferences, seminars and meetings	9,415	21,055	-	30,470
Consulting and outside services	47,902	55,427	92,694	196,023
Depreciation and amortization	480,548	-	-	480,548
Dues and licenses	30,720	21,414	800	52,934
Equipment rental and maintenance	9,617	-	-	9,617
Fundraising	151,451	-	3,923	155,374
Insurance	64,383	-	-	64,383
Information technology	-	39,295	-	39,295
Loan interest expense	287,526	-	-	287,526
Miscellaneous	2,006	14,952	3,000	19,958
Occupancy and ground lease	384,630	-	-	384,630
Postage, shipping and delivery	1,861	596	3,084	5,541
Printing	-	7,491	39,821	47,312
Supplies	50,601	16,756	336	67,693
	\$ 3,924,892	\$ 905,105	\$ 593,076	\$ 5,423,073

**George Mark Children's House**  
**(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)**  
**Statement of Functional Expenses**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2021**

	Program Services	Supporting Services		Total
		Administration	Fundraising	
Personnel expenses	\$ 1,654,310	\$ 448,605	\$ 308,026	\$ 2,410,941
Payroll taxes	105,830	24,614	25,044	155,488
Employee benefits	448,415	235,549	75,095	759,059
Accounting fees	-	12,546	-	12,546
Banking fees and charges	-	26,491	17,679	44,170
Communications	50,906	-	-	50,906
Conferences, seminars and meetings	3,220	618	-	3,838
Consulting and outside services	36,200	21,450	160,954	218,604
Depreciation and amortization	451,166	-	-	451,166
Dues and licenses	25,376	12,017	2,445	39,838
Equipment rental and maintenance	102,189	-	3,202	105,391
Fundraising	18,331	-	5,012	23,343
Insurance	61,265	-	-	61,265
Loan interest expense	301,401	-	-	301,401
Miscellaneous	4,125	10,682	273	15,080
Occupancy and ground lease	253,249	-	-	253,249
Postage, shipping and delivery	1,227	1,066	7,605	9,898
Printing	-	18,162	22,556	40,718
Supplies	49,728	9,636	362	59,726
	<u>\$ 3,566,938</u>	<u>\$ 821,436</u>	<u>\$ 628,253</u>	<u>\$ 5,016,627</u>

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Purpose and Organization** – George Mark Children's House (the House), incorporated as the George Mark Children's Fund in December 1996, is a not-for-profit organization formed to provide short-term residential respite, transitional, and end of life care for children with life limiting or terminal illnesses, and their families. All care is guided by the principles of palliative care. The House is located in San Leandro, California.

The activities of the House are supported through grants, contributions from the general public and from insurance reimbursement for patient care. The operation of the House is dependent upon its ability to cover costs through fundraising, as insurance reimbursements compensate for only a portion of the expenses of patient care. The Board of Directors (the Board) serves without compensation as an oversight body for the House.

The House began providing services to children and their families in March 2004. Since inception, operating deficits have been funded through contributions from, and notes payable to, a related party (see Note 10).

**Basis of Accounting** - The financial statements of the House have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP).

**Measure of Operations** – The statements of activities and changes in net assets reflect all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities consist of those items attributable to the House's ongoing operations which include a variety of programmatic activities. Nonoperating activities are limited to resources that generate return from interest-bearing deposits and other activities considered to be of a more unusual or nonrecurring nature.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** – The House's cash consists of cash on deposit with banks. Cash equivalents include checking accounts, money market funds, and short-term interest-bearing deposits with current maturities of three months or less.

**Concentrations of Credit Risk** – Financial instruments that potentially subject the House to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and deposits. The House maintains its cash and cash equivalents in various bank accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The House manages deposit concentration risk by placing cash and money market accounts with financial institutions believed to be creditworthy.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

To date, the House has not experienced losses in any of these accounts. Credit risk associated with accounts receivable and grants receivable is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from reputable organizations and foundations supportive of the House's mission.

**Investments and Endowment** - The House follows the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification (*ASC*) 958.320, *Investments* and has estimated the fair value of its investments using available market information and other valuation methodologies. Accordingly, the estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the House could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different assumptions and/or estimation methods may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts. The estimates are based on pertinent information available to management as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. Although management is not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the estimated fair value amounts, current estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the statements presented.

Investments are principally comprised of interest-bearing money market funds, but also include a limited portfolio of equities. Purchased investments are initially stated at cost. Investments received by gift are recorded at market value at the date of contribution. Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at fair value with gains and losses included on the statements of activities and changes in net assets.

The House's endowment consists of a diverse mixture of funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes donor-restricted endowment funds. As required by ASC 958.320, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The House has interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the House classifies as net assets with donor restrictions in perpetuity (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in net assets with donor restrictions in perpetuity is classified as either net assets with donor restrictions for time and/or purpose, or net assets without donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the House in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Receivables and Credit Policies** – On an annual basis, the House evaluates the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. It is the policy of the organization to periodically assess receivables to determine the proper carrying value.

**Accounts, Pledges, and Grants Receivable** – The House records accounts, pledges, and grants receivable which are expected to be collected within one year at net realizable value. When material, grants and pledges receivable expected to be collected in future years are initially recorded at fair value using present value techniques incorporating risk-adjusted discount rates designed to reflect the assumptions which market participants would use in pricing the asset. In subsequent years, amortization of the discount is included in contribution revenue on the statement of activities and changes in net assets. The allowance for uncollectible receivables is based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. Receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible.

**Property and Equipment** – Property and equipment are recorded at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair market value on the date of the gift. Assets acquired by capital leases are carried at their present values on their acquisition dates. Depreciation on buildings and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the asset. The costs of maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are charged to expense when incurred. The costs of additions and major renewals in excess of \$1,000 are capitalized. The cost and accumulated depreciation of assets sold or retired are removed from the respective accounts, and a gain or loss is reflected in the statements of activities and changes in net assets.

Estimated lives by major class of depreciable assets are as follows: Buildings and improvements: 5 - 40 years; Equipment, furniture, and fixtures: 7 - 10 years; and Vehicle: 5 years.

**Fair Value Measurements** – Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset. US GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes investments based on those assumptions.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (observable inputs) and the lowest priority to an entity's assumptions (unobservable inputs).

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

The House groups assets at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. These levels are:

Level 1

Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets as of the measurement date.

Level 2

Other observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets/liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset/liability; and,
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data.

Level 3

Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data.

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the entire measurement requires judgment, taking into account factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing model of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to our assessment of the quality, risk or liquidity profile of the asset or liability.

**Net Assets** – Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Thus, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions represent funds which are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has the ability to designate, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for any particular purpose, such as an operating reserve, but it has opted not to do so as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions represent funds which are subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions can be perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that those resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as revenue when the assets are placed in service. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

**Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the House to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Revenue and Revenue Recognition** – Revenue is recognized in accordance with authoritative guidance, including *Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 605)* and *ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*.

Contributions are recognized when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. A transfer of funds with a conditional promise to contribute are accounted for as a refundable advance until the conditions have been substantially met. Certain payments received include both elements of contributed income and earned income, and management evaluates such transactions to determine the proper revenue rules to apply and to bifurcate the revenue components. When applicable, revenue earned under a contractual arrangement (an “exchange transaction”) is recognized when earned and therefore measured as services are provided in accordance with Topic 606. Program service fees and payments under cost-reimbursable contracts received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed or expenditures are incurred, respectively.

Contributions received are recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the contribution is recognized.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN’S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Contributions of Nonfinancial Assets** – Donated services and in-kind contributions are reflected at the fair value of the contributions received in accordance with *ASU 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*. The contributions of services, equipment, and other materials are recognized if they (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills that are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation.

Such amounts, which are based upon information provided by third-party service providers, are recorded at their estimated fair value determined on the date of contribution and are reported as contributions of nonfinancial assets on the accompanying statements of activities and changes in net assets with the corresponding costs reflected in natural expense classifications on the statements of functional expenses.

**Functional Allocation of Expenses** – The costs of providing program and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and changes in net assets in accordance with the requirements of *ASU 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*, which requires the House to report expenses by their natural classification. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

A majority of expenses (such as salaries and wages, rent and utilities, insurance, and other overhead) have been allocated based on time and effort using the House’s payroll allocations. Other expenses (such as professional services and other direct costs) have been allocated in accordance with the specific services received from vendors.

**Income Taxes** – Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of *ASC 740, Income Taxes*. Under ASC 740, the House is required to report information regarding its exposure to various tax positions taken by the House and requires a two-step process that separates recognition from measurement.

The first step is determining whether a tax position has met the recognition threshold; the second step is measuring a tax position that meets the recognition threshold. Management believes that the House has adequately evaluated its current tax positions and has concluded that as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the House does not have any uncertain tax positions for which a reserve or an accrual for a tax liability would be necessary.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

The House has received notification from the Internal Revenue Service and the State of California that it qualifies for tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. The exemptions are subject to periodic review by the federal and state taxing authorities and management is confident that the House continues to satisfy all federal and state statutes in order to qualify for continued tax exemption status. The House may periodically receive unrelated business income requiring the House to file separate tax returns under federal and state statutes. Under such conditions, the House will calculate, accrue, and remit the applicable taxes.

**Recent and Relevant Accounting Pronouncements** – The following pronouncements represent relevant current accounting guidance applicable to nonprofit organizations:

In August 2016, the FASB issued *ASU 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. This ASU addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. The House has complied with the financial statement presentation requirements of Topic 958.

In August 2014, the FASB issued *ASU 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40) Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*, which requires an organization's management to evaluate whether there are conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued, when applicable). As of January 17, 2023 (the date of the Independent Auditors' Report), management has made this evaluation and has determined that the House has the ability to continue as a going concern.

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) completed its Revenue Recognition project by issuing *ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. This guidance establishes the principles to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, timing, and uncertainty of revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance (1) removes inconsistencies and weaknesses in existing revenue requirements, (2) provides a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues, (3) improves comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions, and capital markets, (4) provides more useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosure requirements, and (5) simplifies the preparation of financial statements by reducing the number of requirements to which an organization must refer. The House has adopted these standards.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

In February 2016, the FASB issued *ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) Accounting for Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize leases on-balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Topic 842 was subsequently amended by *ASU No. 2018-01, ASU No. 2018-10, and ASU No. 2018-11*. The pronouncement does not impact the House as of June 30, 2022.

In June 2018, the FASB issued *ASU 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*. The FASB issued this update to clarify and improve the scope and the accounting guidance for contributions received and contributions made. The amendments in this Update should assist entities in (1) evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions (nonreciprocal transactions) within the scope of *Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities*, or as exchange (reciprocal) transactions subject to other guidance and (2) determining whether a contribution is conditional. Accordingly, the House has incorporated these clarifying standards within the audited financial statements.

**2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at June 30:

	<b>2022</b>		<b>2021</b>
Checking	\$ 212,536	\$	235,084
Money market	2,169,982		1,164,169
Petty cash and other	1,553		323
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,384,071	\$	1,399,576

Funds on deposit in money market accounts bear interest at rates ranging from 0.03% to 0.22% per annum at June 30, 2022. Interest income amounted to \$784 and \$372 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Receivables consist of the following at June 30:

	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 111,938	\$	81,453
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,000)		(10,000)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 101,938	\$	<u>71,453</u>

Accounts receivable represent amounts primarily billed to third party insurance carriers for patient care services. Management has evaluated the receivables as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,000 and \$10,000, respectively, is sufficient to absorb the estimated loss exposure inherent in the receivables from outside parties. There were no adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

**4. INVESTMENTS**

Investments consist of the following at June 30:

	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Cash, money market and sweep accounts	\$ 1,141,855	\$	870,880
U.S. large capitalization equities	5,294		-
Investments	\$ 1,147,149	\$	<u>870,880</u>

Investments are domiciled with First Republic Securities Company, LLC. Dividend and investment income amounted to \$615 and \$268 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**Interpretation of Relevant Law**

The Board has adopted the requirements of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) and has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the House classifies as net assets with donor restrictions in perpetuity (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund, if any, that is not classified in net assets with donor restrictions in perpetuity, is classified as net assets without donor restrictions.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**4. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**Return Objectives and Risk Parameters**

The House has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the House must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period(s) as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce reasonable results while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The House expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an average rate of return consistent with current market conditions.

**Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives**

It is the policy of the House to rely principally on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through current yields resulting in interest and dividend income.

**5. BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN SPLIT-INTEREST TRUST**

The House is a beneficiary of an unconditional irrevocable complex trust with a split-interest (the Trust). Each year the Trust distributes 11% of the fair market value of the Trust's available assets to its beneficiaries. As one of the beneficiaries, the House receives 25% of the annual distribution, which will continue until the value of the assets of the Trust fall below \$100,000. At that time, the remaining assets will be liquidated and the House will receive 25% of such liquidation proceeds.

The House has recorded the present value of its future expected cash receipts in the accompanying statements of financial position as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Current portion of beneficial interest in split-interest trust	\$ 24,100	\$ 27,600
Noncurrent portion of beneficial interest in split-interest trust	126,000	151,600
	<u>\$ 150,100</u>	<u>\$ 179,200</u>

The changes in the values of the beneficial interest in split-interest trust amounted to (\$29,100) and \$13,900 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and such amounts are reflected as changes in net assets with donor restrictions – time or purpose on the statements of activities and changes in net assets. The valuation of future cash flows is based on the following assumptions at June 30, 2022:

Earnings rate used to calculate income from available assets	0.65%
Discount rate used to calculate the present value of future cash flows	4.00%

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**6. GROUND LEASE CONTRIBUTION RECEIVABLE**

In June 1998, the House entered into a fifty-year lease with the County of Alameda (County) for the land upon which the House has constructed its pediatric hospice. The lease provides for an annual rent of \$1, and further provides that should the County terminate the lease, it must compensate the House for the fair value of the real property improvements, as defined, located on the property, or must provide other compatible compensation as described in the lease agreement.

In 1998, a professional appraisal determined that the fair value of the land was \$930,000 and the fair value of the rent was \$98,350 per year. The appraisal assumed a discount rate of 10.5% annually. In 1998, the House recorded an in-kind donation of \$930,000 and a contribution receivable over 50 years for the same amount. Annually, the House records an in-kind donation of \$98,350, representing the fair value of the rent contributed by the County, with a corresponding amount recorded as rent expense. Ground lease contribution receivable amounted to \$867,485 and \$874,117 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Annually, the amount of the contribution receivable and the amount of the in-kind rent donation are reduced by the discount, which totaled \$6,632 and \$6,000 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of June 30, 2022, the estimated net changes in ground lease in subsequent year are as follows: (1) \$7,328 for the year ending June 30, 2023; (2) \$8,098 for the year ending June 30, 2024; (3) \$8,948 for the year ending June 30, 2025; (4) \$9,888 for the year ending June 30, 2026; (5) \$10,927 for the year ending June 30, 2027; and (6) \$822,296 thereafter.

**7. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED CHARGES**

Prepaid expenses and deferred charges of \$26,467 and \$52,304 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, represent amounts expended for overhead costs (principally for insurance) and planned events related to subsequent fiscal periods.

**8. PREPAID LOAN FEES AND OTHER ASSETS**

Prepaid loan fees and other assets of \$29,913 and \$41,368 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, represent costs expended which benefit future fiscal periods. Included with prepaid expenses and deferred charges are prepaid loan fees, net of accumulated amortization, of \$29,913 and \$31,007 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These loan fees were capitalized in a prior fiscal year and are being amortized over the life of the loan through October 2049. Amortization expense amounted to \$1,094 and \$1,094 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN’S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**9. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30:

	<b>2022</b>		<b>2021</b>
Buildings and improvements	\$ 17,438,214	\$	17,422,814
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures	648,861		644,010
Vehicles	55,444		55,444
Subtotal	18,142,519		18,122,268
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,166,047)		(7,686,593)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 9,976,472	\$	10,435,675

Depreciation expense amounted to \$479,454 and \$450,072 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Contributions – Certain members of the Board of Directors contributed \$68,300 and \$53,070 to the House during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes Payable – Dr. Kathleen Hull, Founder of the House and a member of the Board of Directors, has provided ongoing funding for operational purposes. The total amount loaned to the House amounted to \$1,130,000 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 with accrued interest amounting to \$205,196 and \$181,196 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These debt instruments, memorialized in multiple notes payable, bear interest at the fixed rate of 2.0% per annum. All notes reflect a maturity date of June 30, 2024. Interest expense related to this debt amounted to \$24,000 and \$24,000 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Repayment of the related party debt is subordinate to the repayment of all third-party bank loans.

**11. LIQUIDITY**

The House regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the safeguarding of its available funds. The House has various sources of liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents and other sources (including the future collection of receivables).

For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the House considers all expenditures related to its mission, as well as the conduct of services undertaken, to support those activities to be general expenditures.

In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months, the House anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN’S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**11. LIQUIDITY (CONTINUED)**

The following table shows the total financial assets held by the House and the amounts of those financial assets readily available within one year of the date of the statements of financial position to meet general expenditures:

	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,384,071	\$	1,399,576
Investments	1,147,149		870,880
Accounts receivable, net	101,938		71,453
Subtotal	3,633,158		2,341,909
Less: amounts not available to be used within one year:			
Net assets with donor restrictions for programs	(2,117,488)		(580,973)
Net assets with donor restrictions for legacy campaign (Fund for the Future)	(1,130,921)		(869,124)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next twelve months	\$ 384,749	\$	891,812

The House receives a substantial amount of support by way of restricted contributions. Because donor restrictions require resources to be used in a particular manner or in a future period, the House must maintain sufficient resources to meet those responsibilities to its donors. Thus, financial assets may not be available for general expenditure within one year. As part of the House’s liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due.

**12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (ACCRUED PAYROLL AND BENEFITS)**

Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of *ASC 710.25, Compensated Absences*. Under ASC 710.25, the House is required to record a liability for the estimated amounts of compensation and related benefits under existing employment laws. Employees are permitted to accrue a specific number of hours of vacation which is payable upon termination of the employee. Sick leave is not paid upon termination. Annual leave accruals are recorded in the financial statements as an accrued liability on the statements of financial position based on employee compensation rates. Accrued personnel expenses (including accrued wages and vacation) amounted to \$433,781 and \$442,253 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The House offers certain employees the opportunity for participation in a salary reduction retirement plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b) which provides for certain employer matching contributions in accordance with (and subject to) regulations administered by the Internal Revenue Service. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the House contributed \$30,280 and \$19,500, respectively, to the 457(b) Plan.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**13. NOTES PAYABLE TO BANK**

The House has established a borrowing relationship with First Republic Bank consisting of multiple credit facilities. In a prior year, the House secured a revolving line of credit with a total available balance of \$350,000. Details of all borrowing arrangements are as follows:

Loan 1: \$3,950,000 term note, dated November 6, 2019, bearing interest at the fixed rate of 3.85% per annum (as of June 30, 2022) for the first 60 months of the loan period. Effective December 4, 2024, the loan adjusts to a variable rate based on the Prime Rate of interest as published in the Wall Street Journal for the remainder of the 30-year loan. The note requires interest-only payments for the first five years of the loan and then principal and interest payments for the remaining 25 years. This debt is secured by all assets of the House and by certain other assets of the Kathleen N. Hull Trust.

Loan 2: \$1,860,000 term note, dated November 6, 2019, bearing interest at the fixed rate of 3.85% per annum (as of June 30, 2022) for the first 60 months of the loan period. Effective December 4, 2024, the loan adjusts to a variable rate based on the Prime Rate of interest as published in the Wall Street Journal for the remainder of the 30-year loan. The note requires interest-only payments for the first five years of the loan and then principal and interest payments for the remaining 25 years. This debt is secured by all assets of the House and by certain other assets of the Kathleen N. Hull Trust.

Loan 3: \$1,135,000 note, dated June 18, 2020, bearing interest at the fixed rate of 3.25% per annum (as of June 30, 2022). The note requires interest-only payments until the maturity date of June 30, 2024, at which time both the principal balance and any accrued interest are due in full. This debt is secured by a certificate of deposit and is guaranteed by the Kathleen N. Hull Trust. Principal payments in the amount of \$135,000 were applied to Loan 3 during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Loan 4: \$350,000 line of credit (with no balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 or 2021) which, when utilized, bears interest at a variable rate based on the Prime Rate of interest as published in the Wall Street Journal (4.75% as of June 30, 2022). The line of credit is subject to annual renewal every October and must be paid down to zero for thirty consecutive days during the loan period. This debt is guaranteed by the Kathleen N. Hull Trust.

At June 30, 2022, principal maturities for all notes payable (including related party notes payable) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023	\$ 1,135,000
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024 and thereafter	6,940,000
	<u>\$ 8,075,000</u>

Interest expense for all loans amounted to \$287,526 and \$301,401 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**13. NOTES PAYABLE TO BANK (CONTINUED)**

Subsequent to June 30, 2022, the House made certain principal and interest payments against three different loans, reducing total debt by \$2,650,000. During August 2022, Loan 1 was paid down by \$655,000, Loan 2 was paid in full, and Loan 3 was paid down by \$135,000.

**14. REFUNDABLE ADVANCE AND GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTED INCOME**

PPP Loan Program Under the CARES Act

During April 2020, the House applied for and received \$452,000 in a forgivable loan under the Small Business Administration Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). Congress established the PPP to provide relief to small businesses during the coronavirus pandemic as part of the \$2 trillion Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, P.L. 116-136. This legislation authorized the United States Treasury Department to use the SBA's 7(a) small business lending program to fund loans of up to \$10 million per borrower that qualifying businesses could spend to cover payroll, mortgage interest, rent, and utilities.

The House expended the funds for payroll, operating overhead, and other eligible costs in accordance with its agreement with the SBA. During December 2020, the House received notification from the SBA that its application for forgiveness had been accepted. Accordingly, in accordance with *ASU No. 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*, the refundable advance was recorded as government contributed income and is included with contributions and grants on the statements of activities and changes in net assets during the year ended June 30, 2021.

**15. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK**

Financial Instruments - Financial instruments, which potentially subject the House to a concentration of credit risk, principally consist of cash and short-term investments. The House invests temporary cash in money market securities or other cash equivalents in amounts that may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. Periodically, the House may have funds on deposit with a financial institution in excess of the \$250,000 FDIC-insured limit. The House has not experienced any losses in those accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

Support - The House receives financial support from the family of the organization's founder who also sits on the Board of Directors.

**16. ADVERTISING EXPENSE**

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and marketing expense amounted to \$6,689 and \$3,761 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is included with printing on the statements of functional expenses.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN’S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**17. NET ASSETS**

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions of \$1,603,938 and \$2,455,208 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, represent the cumulative retained surpluses from operating activities since the organization’s inception.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Time or Purpose

The House recognizes support from donor restricted contributions when the restrictions imposed by the donors have been satisfied or expired. Net assets with donor restrictions – time or purpose consist of the following at June 30:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Beneficial interest in split-interest trust	\$ 150,100	\$ 179,200
Ground lease	867,485	874,117
Other use-restricted gifts	3,248,409	1,450,097
	<u>\$ 4,265,994</u>	<u>\$ 2,503,414</u>

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, contributions of net assets with donor restrictions – time or purpose amounted to \$2,097,212 and \$857,816, respectively. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the House released \$298,900 and \$897,635, respectively, from net assets with donor restrictions – time or purpose to net assets without donor restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Perpetual in Nature

Net assets with donor restrictions – perpetual in nature amounted to \$10,000 at June 30, 2022 and 2021. All of the restricted endowment funds, classified as perpetually restricted net assets, represent donor contributions which are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring the principal balances be maintained in perpetuity. The House has been instructed by the original donor that such endowment is intended to generate income for the upkeep of the sanctuary building and for general operating activities of the organization.

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

Endowment net assets at June 30, 2020	\$ 10,000
Contributions	-
Endowment net assets at June 30, 2021	<u>10,000</u>
Contributions	-
Endowment net assets at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 10,000</u>

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, investment income (including realized and unrealized gains) generated from these restricted funds may be expended for operations and music endowment.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**18. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

Composition of assets utilizing fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
Accounts receivable	\$ 101,938	\$ -	\$ 101,938	\$ -
Investments	1,147,149	1,147,149	-	-
Split-interest trust	150,100	-	24,100	126,000
Ground lease receivable	867,485	-	-	867,485
	<b>\$ 2,266,672</b>	<b>\$ 1,147,149</b>	<b>\$ 126,038</b>	<b>\$ 993,485</b>

Composition of assets utilizing fair value measurements at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
Accounts receivable	\$ 71,453	\$ -	\$ 71,453	\$ -
Investments	870,880	870,880	-	-
Split-interest trust	179,200	-	27,600	151,600
Ground lease receivable	874,117	-	-	874,117
	<b>\$ 1,995,650</b>	<b>\$ 870,880</b>	<b>\$ 99,053</b>	<b>\$ 1,025,717</b>

Fair value measurements establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: (a) Level 1 measurement reflects the value of the investments at quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, generally without any adjustments, (b) Level 2 assets and liabilities are valued based on "observable inputs" other than quoted active market prices, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, and interest rates and yield curves, and (c) Level 3 assets and liabilities are valued based on "unobservable inputs," such as a company's own estimates and pricing models.

Assets Classified as Level 3

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the entity's asset-backed gifts (split-interest trust and ground lease receivable) are the estimated future values of the underlying assets. The income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts (for example, cash flows or earnings) to a single present amount (discounted). The measurement is based on the value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts. Those valuation techniques principally include present value formulas which incorporate certain rate of return assumptions.

**GEORGE MARK CHILDREN'S HOUSE**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2022 and 2021**

**19. UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue of \$18,000 and \$60,350 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, represents funds received in advance of future services and events. Such amounts have been reflected as a short-term liability on the statements of financial position and will be reflected as earned revenue in the subsequent fiscal year.

**20. OTHER COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

In the normal course of business there are outstanding various commitments and contingencies, such as commitments to enter into contracts and future program activities, which are not reflected in the financial statements. Such commitments and contingencies also include risks associated with various economic and operating factors, which include (a) grant restrictions and donor conditions which obligate the House to fulfill certain requirements as set forth in grant instruments, (b) funding levels which vary based on factors beyond the House's control, such as generosity of donors and general economic conditions, (c) employment contracts and service agreements with outside contractors, and (d) financial risks associated with funds on deposit at bank and investment brokerage accounts.

Management believes that such commitments or contingencies have been properly addressed, appropriate amounts have been accrued (where necessary), and there will not be any resolution with a material adverse effect on the financial statements. Certain of the grants and contracts (including current and prior costs) are subject to audit and final acceptance by the granting organizations.

**21. COVID-19**

Although the COVID-19 threat has abated, the worldwide threat continues to (a) impact financial markets, (b) threaten revenue streams, and (c) impact private enterprises with which the House conducts business. Business continuity, including supply chains and consumer demand across a broad range of industries and countries, continues to present challenges. Management monitors and evaluates its options. These financial statements reflect certain economic ramifications which impacted the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

**22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In compliance with *ASC 855, Subsequent Events*, the House has evaluated subsequent events through January 17, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. As disclosed in Note 13, the House made certain principal and interest payments against three different loans subsequent to June 30, 2022, reducing total debt by \$2,650,000. During August 2022, Loan 1 was paid down by \$655,000, Loan 2 was paid in full, and Loan 3 was paid down by \$135,000. In the opinion of management, there are no other subsequent events which necessitate disclosure.